

Subscribers to the DEMOCRAT:—We have carried many of you for two or more years; now, we must be paid—we need the money. Be fair with us—those who owe for the DEMOCRAT must settle their indebtedness. Don't let us ask you again, but come in at once and pay us.

The annual message of President Cleveland was read in both houses of the fifty-fourth Congress Tuesday. We give it entire in a supplement, it is a lengthy document but wish every one to read it.

CONSIDERABLE activity in gold mining is reported from Moore county, N. C.

We carry our neighbors' crimes in sight, and throw our own over our shoulders.

Owing to the crowded state of our columns we are compelled to omit much prepared matter.

Mr. Knight and associates have bought a 10-stamp mill for the Graham gold mine in Lincoln county.

The arguments of some people would have more weight if the party could be maintained between brain and tongue.

SALISBURY was selected as the place for holding the next session of the Western North Carolina Conference of the Methodist church.

At the caucus of Republican members of Congress in Washington last Saturday none of the House officers were chosen from the Southern States.

The president on Tuesday nominated Rufus W. Peckham, of New York, to be associate justice of the United States supreme court to succeed the late Howell E. Jackson, of Tennessee.

WESTERN North Carolina Conference appointments, at Reidsville, will be found in our supplement. The Conference adjourned Monday. Salisbury was chosen as the place of meeting next year.

Mrs. ELIZABETH BERNHEIM, wife of Rev. G. D. Bernheim, D. D., died at Wilmington Saturday. Dr. Bernheim was formerly president of North Carolina College, at Mt. Pleasant.

MR. DAVID WEAVER has taken the Charlotte Democrat over forty years. Last Friday he renewed his subscription, and also relates his luck at fishing in the Catawba, last Monday week, when he pulled to the shore a carp weighing nine and a half pounds. Good for a 75-year-old fisherman.

The cotton mill edition of the Raleigh Observer, issued Thanksgiving consisted of 36 pages and contained cuts and sketches of many of the mills and their officers and a complete list of mills in the State. It was highly creditable to all concerned in its production. It showed that there are now in North Carolina 184 cotton-mills, whereas, in 1890, there were 91, and in 1870 but 33. In 1880 there were 59.

In connection with the approaching sale of the C. F. and Y. V. Railway it is reported that parties associated with the Baltimore and Ohio Railway may be bidders on that occasion. This will of course depend upon the acquirement of the Roanoke Southern Railway by the same interests. There seems to be no other party that cares to take over the Cape Fear road as a whole, and its operation in fractions could scarcely be profitable to the public or to the various management. The next few weeks will tell whether, North Carolina is to gain one of the greatest railway corporations in America—the Baltimore and Ohio.

Jurors for the January term of Cabarrus Court: First Week—C. L. White, W. E. Harris, G. W. Dry, Thos. W. Henderson, W. H. Barnhardt, D. S. Bennett, H. H. Blackwelder, James H. Johnson, Paul F. Widenhouse, W. E. Litzker, J. Hamilton, Paul Alexander, P. C. Deal, H. W. Long, J. R. McLellan, L. H. White, M. M. Long, Walter B. Black, Cyrus A. Bell, Bob Corzine, A. J. Blackwelder, Adison Crowell, John O. Wadsworth, Ed H. Johnston, J. M. Davis, John R. Rowland, Frank Smith, R. M. Troutman, W. F. Cantrill, R. W. Johnston, F. A. K. Smith, J. F. Patterson, D. J. Bost, J. F. Hurley, John Wiley Cook, W. G. Honeycutt.

Second Week—J. Seaford, D. J. Little, F. DeMarcus, C. M. Goodman, J. Davis Hahn, M. W. Murph, D. L. Kluttz, R. O. Mower, G. H. Bost, F. F. Starnes, Columbus Cox, M. H. Wincoff, T. J. Quinn, G. E. Fisher, D. R. Hoover, J. C. Ferguson, W. K. Lyles, J. D. Johnston.

Third Week—Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer is substantially proof of the Bee Hives' unparalleled development—J. D. Collins.

Order, Superior Court—J. M. Morrow, Clerk of Superior Court.

Medical Discovery—Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

German Kail Works, New York.

Valuable Prescription—H. E. Bucklen & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

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Congress in Session.
The Fifty-fourth Congress met at noon Monday. The Democrats, who controlled the last two Congresses, became the minority party in the House and surrendered control to the Republican forces. The caucuses of both parties were held Saturday evening. Thomas B. Reed was made the Republican nominee for Speaker without opposition. The other officers selected were A. McDowell, of Pennsylvania, clerk; B. F. Russell, of Missouri, sergeant-at-arms; W. J. Glenn, of New York, doorkeeper; J. S. McElroy, of Ohio, postmaster; H. C. Condon, of Michigan, chaplain. Mr. Condon is blind. Gen. Chas. H. Grosvenor, of Ohio, was elected chairman of the Republican caucus.

The Democratic caucus named Hon. Chas. F. Crisp as their candidate for Speaker, and all the officers of the last Congress. The nominations were made by acclamation. Judge D. B. Culberson, of Texas, was elected chairman of the Democratic caucus.

The Senate was called to order by Vice-President Stevenson. The blind chaplain of the Senate invoked divine blessing on the chamber and after swearing in of new members the Senate adjourned.

The Status of the Green Backs.
Secretary Carlisle and others have said that the 500 million dollars treasury notes outstanding are a constant menace to the Government gold reserve.

The reason assigned for selecting this part of our money as the scapegoat of all the financial ills attendant upon a dwindling reserve is that by law these notes must be redeemed as often as redeemed and hence may be returned again for gold. The practical difference in this respect between legal tenders and other forms of our money has, however, not been made clear. Certainly the revenues of the Nation are in no shape to allow retirement of any currency or other money acquired by the treasury, the deficit is increasing every month. It is proposed to issue bonds to take up the greenbacks. It would be equally rational to advocate a bond issue to retire any or all forms of our money other than gold coin and gold certificates. All may be used under the ruling of Secretary Carlisle, to deplete the stock of gold. The treasury pays out gold on demand in exchange for any form of the national circulating medium.

Hence a silver certificate is dangerous to the reserve equally with the treasury note. So soon as the greenbacks are out of the way the remainder of our money excepting gold, will be attached in the same way and replaced by interest bearing bonds. With its record of more than 100 million of bonds already issued the administration can ill afford to urge the unnecessary laying of five times as many additional obligations upon the citizen of the country.

Exports Under the Wilson Tariff.
In the nine months, ending with September 30th, last, exports of manufactures from the United States show, by the Treasury report, an increase of 10 per cent. over those of the same period last year. This result is the more significant when we remember the activity at home, and consequently, during a good portion of those nine months, of 1895. The sale of our products abroad is not forced by dull home markets, but is in response to legitimate demand at prices which a further decrease in the tariff on raw materials does not mean decrease in revenue. It does, however, place our manufacturers in position to compete in the world's markets. This is of more practical benefit to employer and laborer alike than were the results obtained by the protective tariff.

Neuro Republicans of the District of Columbia want a negro chaplain of the National House of Representatives. At a largely attended meeting Friday night they endorsed Walter H. Brooks, col., for the place. He received two votes. The Washington correspondent of Atlanta Journal says:
"It is worthy of several lines that in the thousands of faces that looked on the animated scene in the hall of congress this morning, not one was black. When Crisp was inaugurated the immense public gallery facing the speaker's chair was packed with colored people. Today the republicans, the negro's friend before the election, decided to have admission by card. As a result there was not a negro admitted to the house and they had to content themselves with staring aimlessly through the corridors."

Do you want to kill crows and squirrels? If so, you will find guns, powder, shot, shells, caps, primers and wads at J. H. Weddington & Co.

Referring to United States Senator John M. Thurston (the Union Pacific Railroad's attorney who will represent them in the Senate) statement that the people of Nebraska are for McKinley for President because times were better under the McKinley law, the Chicago News says: "Hard times in Nebraska have continued for about four years. They began long before the repeal of the McKinley bill, and Mr. Thurston knows as well as anybody the chief cause for the hard times was local, namely, crop failure, due to a lack of rain. In '92, '93, '94 what the farmers lacked was not a high tariff, but rain. We are confident, therefore, that what Mr. Thurston really said was this: The farmers of Nebraska, first, last and all the time, are for Charles B. Farwell, of Chicago, and their motto is, 'Give us a President who can make rain and we care not who tinkers with the tariff.' Rain in the Face would suit Mr. Farwell."

We sell the celebrated Juniata steel horse and mule shoes. They are recognized as the best on the market. We have the agency for these shoes and you cannot find them elsewhere.—J. H. Weddington & Co.

FROM OUR RALEIGH CORRESPONDENT.
RALIGH, N. C., Dec 3, 1895.
By the end of the year the State Farmers' Alliance will move out of this city, bag and baggage, and into its new quarters at Hillsboro. It will give employment there to at least 100 people, to begin with.

There is quite a clash of authority between the State superintendent of public instruction and the populist treasurer of this county (who is treasurer in name only, as his office is held by his bondsman, who does the work and does the pay.) The superintendent holds that he has the right to construe the school law. The populist treasurer claims the same right. The latter pays the school teachers, while the superintendent pays the school fund is made. Never before has a treasurer acted in this manner. His only duty is to pay legally drawn warrants.

There is a renewal of the dispute about the legality of the lease of the North Carolina railway to the Southern. Some of the populist leaders say they will take the matter issue besides. It is even said that they have employed counsel of prominence. The railway commission last week heard testimony in an interesting case. The Roanoke railway and lumber company has been hauling freight and passengers and receiving pay therefor, though it claims exemption from assessment for taxation. One of the commissioners made a trip over the road and found it was taking pay. The secretary of the railway company made the argument that a contractor was operating the road and that he and not the railway company was responsible; that he had made the charge in express violation of instructions. The commission puts the road on the assessment list, and quite properly, it would seem, as an individual operator is alleged to operate the road, and the State has a right to tax an individual owning or under contract operating a road, just as much as it has to tax a company so doing.

Raleigh will this month have another afternoon paper, the Daily Advertiser. Printers will own and publish it. There is quite a demand on the part of farmers in many parts of the State for the holding of farmers' institutes. Now there are no available funds to meet the expense of these. The next Legislature ought to make liberal provision in this respect.

The Supreme court is this week at work on the appeal docket from the 10th district. The court will adjourn for the term December 23rd. Senator Butler's plan to capture all the U. S. Senate Committees does not appear to materialize much. He has said that the free silver men could not do every committee. Have they done so? The railway commission has imposed a \$100 fine on the Marietta & North Georgia railway, for persistent refusal or neglect to make reports. By the way this road was sold last week, and it is intimated the Baltimore & Ohio gets it. It extends into Cherokee county.

The work of preparing the track of the North Carolina railway between Greensboro and Selma for the heavy freight traffic of the Southern railway is now actively in progress. Much ballasting and relaying of rail is being done, and bridges are receiving careful attention. An enormous value of freight will be shipped by this route, in order to take the strain off the main line between Greensboro and Washington, and will go to Norfolk and thence North by steamer. The fight between the Southern and the Seaboard Air-Line gets hotter and hotter.

Governor Carr on Thanksgiving day granted a pardon to Thomas H. Birg, a negro convict from Franklin county, who was serving a 20-year term for assault with intent to kill. He was not guilty, for another convict quite recently made a confession on his death bed that he and not Birg had made the assault. The latter, poor fellow, had served eight years.

The arrivals of convicts at the penitentiary during November aggregated over 60. The number there now is larger than in many months past. Mrs. Brantley, of Nash county, who was some time ago an inmate of the insane asylum here, was injured while in the steam laundry there one day, her hand having been caught in a mangle. It was amputated. She was later discharged cured. Now she and her husband are bringing suit against the asylum for \$10,000 for the loss of her hand. Her prospects of recovery of damages appears to be slim.

The Governor orders a special term of the Superior court of Lenoir county, Judge Graham to preside, for the trial of the eight men who are charged with burning the town of Kinston. True bills were found against six of them at a recent term of court at Kinston, but this was done on the very last day of the term. A special term of Bertie Superior court is also ordered, Judge Boykin to preside, this being for civil cases.

On the evening of Thanksgiving day there was held here what was termed a populist rally. To the general public it seemed to be an earnest attempt to boom Daniel L. Russell as a candidate for Governor, and that this scheme was engineered by a negro newspaper which has been urging Russell's claims, but certain of the Republicans here, who do not favor fusion, say it was for the purpose of giving the editors of the above-mentioned paper an opportunity to attack and abuse them in speeches; that Russell was used as a mere cat's paw and that he discovered when too late the use to which he had been put. Russell declared for fusion, and said he thanked God for it that it had put North Carolina into the "solid South." No man in all this State is more cordially hated by the Democrats than Russell. He is a master of the "gentle art of making enemies" among them.

The Federal court began a three week's session here today, Judge Seymour presiding. The docket is an enormous one—a record-breaker. There are 280 cases on the civil docket alone. Moonshine and witnesses are on hand in great force. It is now worth something to be an officer of this court, as marshals' fees, etc., foot up \$6,000, clerks' fees \$4,000 and district attorneys' pay \$5,000.

A gang of nine convicts brought in last week from an eastern county, five had served terms previously. With them was no regret at getting State employment during the winter.

In the Supreme court Friday there was argument in several suits brought by Stewart Bros., the public printers, against

various departments, to force the latter to give the Stewarts all printing. There is one case in which the State Chemist is thus called on. About half of the printing he has done is paid for by the U. S. The question is, of the State force this to be given out in any particular way. In the argument in behalf of the State it was contended that when the head of a department omits to do anything the State is not liable.

Grain is being very freely seeded in this part of the State. There are plenty of indications that there will be large crops of grain and tobacco next year. The cotton crop is picked. It is about 65 per cent. of an average. That is about as closely as it can be figured.

Both the populists and Republicans are to have daily papers next year. Their campaign will begin early and is certain to be lively.

Today what is known as a "mission" in the Protestant Episcopal church began here. In other churches it would be termed a revival. It is being conducted by Rev. Dr. Bradley, of New York State. There are now 111 pupils at the institution for the white blind here. There are 106 in the institution for colored deaf-mutes and blind.

The State's fiscal year ended last Saturday. All the sheriffs save of Jackson county, completed their State tax settlements.

On the 15th instant, the joint committee of the Legislature will as usual make the annual inspection of the offices of the State Treasurer and Auditor. Senators Farthing and Mitchell and Representatives Hileman, Julian and Ellis compose the committee.

Supreme Court Decisions.
Raleigh Observer.

Options were handed down as follows: Gray vs. Bailey, from Davis, error, reversed. Powers vs. Wall, from Stokes, affirmed. Burgess vs. Burgess, from Alexander, error, not suit set aside. Bank vs. Gilmer, petition to rehear dismissed, former ruling sustained.

Lewis vs. Telegraph Company, from Forsyth, affirmed. Glanton & Cotton vs. Jacobs, from Forsyth, affirmed. Flippin vs. Flippin, from Stokes, reversed. Davis vs. Blackburn, from Stokes, no error. Smith vs. Whitten, affirmed. State vs. Goff, from Greene, new trial. State vs. Surles, from Johnston, no error. State vs. Mize, from Alexander, no error. State vs. Snow, from Surry, two cases, no error.

Bee Culture at the Experiment Station.
The Experiment Station has recently completed arrangements for carrying on some work in Bee Culture, both to disseminate information as to the best methods to follow in bee-keeping, as well as to conduct tests to determine what plans should be adopted in North Carolina to make this particular industry as profitable as possible. In many sections of the State bee culture now yields handsome returns when carefully managed. With proper use of the improved methods of late years this result might be largely increased. It will be the purpose of the Station to endeavor to aid in the extension of the industry, and with the possible improvement of the culture where it has now found a foothold. For this purpose the co-operation of two experienced bee-keepers has been secured, Dr. J. W. Hunter and Mr. W. H. Hall, both of Forsyth county. It is expected that results interesting to beekeepers will be reached during the coming season. In the meantime items of timely interest will be distributed upon the various phases of the subject.

As the Station desires to enter into correspondence with every bee-keeper now in North Carolina, each one is cordially requested to send his name and address to Dr. H. B. Battle, Director, Raleigh, N. C. Any items as to the stocks, hives, etc., on hand, and the success or failure heretofore met with, will be gladly received. Doubtless the correspondence will be mutually helpful.

A poor brick mason, W. F. Finger, during the financial panic was thrown out of employment, yet was unwilling to be idle, so he proposed to his Methodist brethren that he build a brick church here at Asbury church, near his home in Lincoln county, instead of going up and down the State looking for work. He succeeded in raising the money. They pleaded "hard times and no money." But undismayed by his unpromising environments and his poverty, he went to work alone, made the brick and put them in the walls until a nice, stylish brick church worth \$1,500 now stands as a monument of his labor and generosity. His neighbors, admiring his pluck under difficulties, came to his aid, while he was doing the work. He has now completed the church and is ready to receive the congregation. He has now completed the church and is ready to receive the congregation.

Throw Away Trusses
when our new method, without use of knife, is guaranteed to permanently cure the worst cases of rupture. Send 10 cents in stamps for references and pamphlet, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Horseless Carriages.
The offer of \$5,000 in prizes by a Chicago man for the best horseless carriage or vehicle motor is viewed by the American Stockman as a significant fact bearing upon the fast approaching demise of the horse as a beast of burden. The test will be a road race between Chicago and Milwaukee, to be held on or after Nov. 1 next. Any motive power may be used, but the race will not necessarily be awarded to the vehicle making the fastest time. Utility as well as speed will be considered. American inventors are not up to the foreigner in this line. The hearing upon the automobile is no longer a curiosity on the Parisian boulevards and the manufacture of the more successful types is proving extremely profitable. They have demonstrated that a new invention can be maintained at an expense on which a horse would starve to death.

We have a Knife for cutting corn tops and sugar cane—18 inch blade, and every farmer should have one. See them. If you are going to buy a cane mill or evaporator, we can save you money.—J. H. Weddington & Co.

Local Items
Pumps will be started at the St. Catherine Gold Mine in the Southern part of the City on Dec 15. This property produced largely some years ago.

At the Frazier Gold mine five miles west of Charlotte the vein was cut last Friday in the third shaft. The ore shows some gold visible to the naked eye. A five foot Huntington mill has been ordered.

We are informed that a horseless vehicle propelled by a gas motor will be on exhibition in this county next month. With our graded and ballasted roads constructed and building all through the country the horseless carriage will doubtless prove a success in Mecklenburg.

Hon. Alf. and Ex-Gov. "Bob" Taylor will lecture at the Y. M. C. A. on the 10th of December. Their wonderful presentation of "Yankee Doodle and Dixie," is increasing the fame of these already well known statements. Go and hear them.

Mr L. M. Ferrel, of Ferrel Town several days ago cut a pumpkin at his house, and to his amazement he found inside of it 30 small plants growing the same as if they were in regular soil. The roots were attached to the seeds. The pumpkin had no hole in it, and Mr Ferrel cannot account for the existence of the growing plants.

The board of commissioners met in regular monthly session Monday. J. R. Erwin, who was appointed on the board in place of Thos. Grier, deceased, was sworn in by Mr. Morrow, clerk of the Superior Court. Capt. Erwin was elected chairman of the board, receiving three votes for that position.

J. W. Cobb, register of deeds, tendered his bond in the sum of \$10,000 with J. H. McAden and M. P. Pagan as sureties. The bond was accepted and approved. J. M. Morrow, clerk of the Superior Court tendered his bond in the sum of \$10,000, with W. W. Ward and Jno. W. Miller as sureties. Bond also accepted.

Jno. R. Erwin resigned as one of the finance committee. A. A. Cathey, coroner, filed his bond in the sum of \$2,000 with I. H. McGinn and C. B. Todd as sureties. Bond accepted. F. M. Sossamon tendered his resignation as superintendent of the county chain gang, which was accepted. J. H. Sadler was authorized to select a location for stone on the Tuskegee road.

J. E. Hough was appointed school committee for District 65. H. C. Little was elected superintendent of the lower convict camp for one year, and D. C. Moore was elected superintendent of the upper camp, vice Mr. Sossamon, resigned.

The county commissioners drew the following jurors to serve for the Superior court which meets on the third Monday in January:

First Week—S. H. Elliott, C. Gresham, W. W. Grier, T. B. Knox, J. W. Muller, B. W. Houston, Jno. F. Jamison, R. L. C. Cochrane, D. F. Todd, S. A. Harris, J. H. Hatch, Jno. A. Freeman, J. B. Williamson, W. F. Buchanan, M. W. McWhirter, J. N. Rodgers, J. F. McGinnis, L. M. Grier, C. W. Miller, O. E. Cunningham, J. W. Summerville, J. E. Teeter, W. H. Hoover, W. E. Alexander. Second Week—H. L. Sloan, H. B. McAllister, R. E. Beard, W. T. McIntosh, Chas. E. Smith, R. L. Alexander, J. M. Hood, J. W. Shaw, G. M. Holobaugh, I. M. McAllister, F. M. Hoover, W. A. Johnston, T. M. Barnhardt, Jno. Barnett, S. J. Alexander, W. E. Halbrooks, W. G. Ford, W. M. Crowell, B. Nichols, W. H. Patterson, J. A. Fasnacht, J. B. McLaughlin, C. C. Hayes, A. B. Yandle.

As an emergency medicine, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral takes the lead of all other remedies. For the relief and cure of croup, whooping cough, sore throat, and the dangerous pulmonary troubles to which the young are so liable, it is invaluable, being prompt to act, sure to cure.

If you are anxious to find the most reliable blood-purifier, read in Ayer's Almanac the testimonials of those who have been cured of such terrible diseases as catarrh, rheumatism, and scrofula, by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Then govern yourself accordingly.

Get the Kentucky Cane Mill for strength, durability and simplicity. The lightest running mill made, and use the Kentucky self-squeezing evaporator. They are entirely seamless and no solder used. Sold by J. H. Weddington & Co.

A Million in Sight.
North Carolina steps to the front today and announces that she is ready with running her full capacity to spin her own product of cotton.

From the carefully collected and collated facts and figures, the following table is made up. We have in operation in North Carolina:

Cotton mills 184
Spindles 989,093
Looms 24,624
Operatives 24,825
Cotton consumed (bales per annum) 374,220
Money invested \$1,710,600

This arrangement of figures is news to our own people and especially to the public at large.

These 184 mills are located in different sections of the state from the mountains to the sea.

Twenty twenty four thousand operatives—ninety seven per cent of them are North Carolinians.

The cotton consumed—ninety per cent, of it, is grown in the fields adjoining and adjacent to the mills.

The money invested—ninety-three per cent of it is North Carolina money.

The managers of the mills—eighty five per cent of them are native North Carolinians.

Meeting of the Board.
At the regular meeting of the Board of Aldermen, at City Hall Monday night, Engineer J. L. Ludlow filed his report on the question of the new water works for Charlotte. Two sources of supply are considered—Wyand's (or Brier) Creek and the Catawba River. The plan for the former is estimated to cost \$75,000; for the latter, \$230,000, to furnish 60 gallons per day per head to 30,000 people or three million gallons, with duplicate pumps and filtering or clarifying apparatus. The mains to the city are to be 34 inches in diameter, and the power 300 to 400 horse-power at the creek or 400 to 500 at the river. The report argues in favor of municipal ownership. After receiving the report the following ordinance was passed:

ORDINANCE.
Whereas, the Board of aldermen of the city of Charlotte is of the opinion that it will promote the general good of the city to have a purer, more abundant and cheaper supply of water for both public and private use, and a corresponding increase and improvement of the city sewers, and whereas, to obtain such a supply and distribute the same throughout the city, and provide the required sewerage, it will be necessary to issue bonds of the city, and use the money derived from their sale in providing the needed water supply and sewerage:

"Now, the board of aldermen does propose to the voters of the city that it shall be, by them, given authority to issue coupon bonds of the city, to be known as the water bonds of the city of Charlotte, to an amount not to exceed \$300,000, said bonds to bear interest at a rate of not more than 5 per cent per annum, to be of the denomination of \$1,000 or \$500 as may best suit the purchasers thereof, to run for 30 years, and the semi-annual interest thereon and the principal thereof to be paid when due at such place as may be designated in the said bonds, which shall be in the usual form of such municipal obligations, and shall be sold for not less than par, and the proceeds applied to the purposes aforesaid. In order, therefore, to ascertain the will of the voters upon this subject, it is now

"Ordained, That the question of creating the debt and issuing bonds, as proposed above, and for the purpose mentioned, shall be submitted to a vote of the people at an election to be held on the 18th of February, 1896, according to the provisions of the act of the General Assembly of North Carolina, entitled 'An Act to Allow the City of Charlotte to Issue Bonds,' ratified March 9th, 1895, which election will be held as in said act provided, and after due notice as therein required."

Ordinance No. 10, Second Ward, voted against the ordinance on the ground that no provision is made therein for the existing water company. The ordinance will be held in abeyance. Between \$250,000 and \$300,000 of the proposed bond issue is to be spent on new liquor licenses were, with a few exceptions, granted to present holders. Thornton & Campbell took the license for the Central House bar. R. Aradt takes J. Lindy's place. "The Alhambra" and Kendrick made no application. Salaries of station men at the fire department were increased \$5 per month, and of call men \$3.

MARRIED.
In this county, Severville, on the 4th inst, Mr Lawrence Severs and Miss Sarah Rehmman.

In this county, on the 20th ult, Mr Eli Beattie and Miss Alice Kiser.

In this county, on the 4th inst, Mr Andy Cathey and Miss Della Frazier. Also Mr Eddy Hoover and Miss Agnes Cathey.

In Cleveland county, Patterson Springs, on the 3rd ult, Mr J. W. Grier and Miss Mary H. Hardin. In Concord, on the 28th ult, Dr J. H. Dreher, and Miss Marie A. Schullken.

In Lowville, on the 28th ult, Mr Lemuel B. Wetmore of Lincoln, and Miss Alice Gillan.

DIED.
In this city, on the 1st inst, Whitfield, young son of Mr Charles Holton.

In this city, on the 28th ult, Mrs Isabella Adams.

In this county, Derita, on the 3rd inst, Miss Minnie McConnell, daughter of Mr J. G. McConnell, aged 23 years.

In this city, on the 28th ult, Mrs Mary Isabelle Woodley, wife of Dr W. T. Woodley, aged 50 years.

In this county, on the 28th ult, Mr D. P. Kelly. In this county, on the 28th ult, Mr Charles Joiner, aged 27 years.

In Baltimore, on the 28th ult, Mrs Emily G. Hooper, wife of Mr W. T. Jordan, of this city.

In Union county, on the 22nd ult, Mrs Rebecca Helms, aged 79 years. Also on the 22nd ult, Mrs J. H. Kellum, of Kellum, N. C.

In Lincoln county, on the 28th ult, Mr Franklin Hoke, aged 85 years.

CHARLOTTE MARKET, Dec. 5, 1895.

Reported by John W. Miller & Co.
The market has declined this week on account of a heavier movement than expected and a lower Liverpool, and unfavorable news from Europe. We quote good middling 7½; middling 7½ to 7¾. Receipts during the week, 1,113 bales. Receipts from Sept. 1st 1894, to Dec. 5 1895, 38,485 bales.

Flour, from country mills, \$1.75 to \$1.90 per sack.
Corn 45 Meal 50; to 60 Peas 55 to 60 Oats 40.
Irish Potatoes 50 to 60 per bushel.
Sweet Potatoes 40 per bushel.
Bacon Sides, from stores, 6½ cents per pound.

Butter 12 to 15 cents per pound; Chickens grown, 17 to 18; Spring 12 to 15 cents; Eggs 14 to 15 cents.
Cotton Seed—Bushel, Ton, \$10.15 cents.

Commissioner's Sale.
Under and by virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Mecklenburg County, N. C., in Special Proceedings entitled, "A. J. Derr, Plaintiff, against W. C. Hastings, Defendant," I will sell at public auction, at the County Court House, in the City of Charlotte, on Monday, the 30th day of December, A. D. 1895, at 12 o'clock, M., that certain tract of land in Lincoln County, known as the "Hicks Tract," and containing ten acres more or less, and adjoining the lands of R. F. Blythe, dec'd, Mr. Jane Black, and A. J. Derr.

Terms—One half cash, balance on a credit of 12 months, deferred payment to be secured by bond bearing 6 per cent interest per annum, from date of sale until paid, title reserved until purchase money is all paid, with leave to the purchaser to anticipate the deferred payment. This Nov. 29th, 1895. HERIOT CLARKSON, Dec. 6, 1895. 4w Commissioner.

State of North Carolina—Mecklenburg County.
Superior Court.
John L. Rea, Plaintiff, against John O. Black, Defendant.—Notice of Summons and Warrant of Attachment.

The defendant, John O. Black, will take notice that a summons in the above entitled cause was issued against him on the 4th day of December, 1895, by the Clerk of the Superior Court of Mecklenburg County, for the sum of Four Hundred Dollars, due the plaintiff by contract, which summons is returnable to the clerk of the Superior Court for said County, to be held on the 3rd Monday of January, 1896. The defendant will also take notice that a warrant of Attachment was issued at the same time by said Court against the property of the said defendant, which warrant is returnable on the said 3rd Monday of January, 1896, when and where the defendant is required to appear and answer or demur to the complaint, or the relief demanded will be granted. This 5th day of December, 1895. J. M. MORROW, Clerk of Superior Court for Mecklenburg County. Dec. 6, 1895. 6w

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